-	PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
ļ	Chief Sponsor: Brian E. Shiozawa
5	House Sponsor: Edward H. Redd
<b>5</b> 7	LONG TITLE
}	General Description:
	This bill enacts a multi-state compact for psychologist telehealth.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>creates a chapter in the Occupations and Professions Code to establish the</li> </ul>
	Psychologist Interjurisdictional Compact; and
	<ul> <li>provides administrative rulemaking authority to the Division of Occupational and</li> </ul>
	Professional Licensing to implement the multi-state compact.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
	ENACTS:
	<b>58-61b-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	<b>58-61b-102</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	<b>58-61b-103</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>58-61b-101</b> is enacted to read:
	CHAPTER 61b. PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT
	58-61b-101. Title.

30	This chapter is known as the "Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact."
31	Section 2. Section <b>58-61b-102</b> is enacted to read:
32	58-61b-102. Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact.
33	The Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact is enacted and entered into with all other
34	jurisdictions that legally join in the compact, which is, in form, substantially as follows:
35	ARTICLE I
36	<u>PURPOSE</u>
37	Whereas, states license psychologists, in order to protect the public through verification
38	of education, training, and experience and ensure accountability for professional practice;
39	Whereas, this Compact is intended to regulate the day to day practice of telepsychology
40	(i.e. the provision of psychological services using telecommunication technologies) by
41	psychologists across state boundaries in the performance of their psychological practice as
42	assigned by an appropriate authority;
43	Whereas, this Compact is intended to regulate the temporary in-person, face-to-face
44	practice of psychology by psychologists across state boundaries for 30 days within a calendar
45	year in the performance of their psychological practice as assigned by an appropriate authority;
46	Whereas, this Compact is intended to authorize State Psychology Regulatory
47	Authorities to afford legal recognition, in a manner consistent with the terms of the Compact,
48	to psychologists licensed in another state;
49	Whereas, this Compact recognizes that states have a vested interest in protecting the
50	public's health and safety through their licensing and regulation of psychologists and that such
51	state regulation will best protect public health and safety;
52	Whereas, this Compact does not apply when a psychologist is licensed in both the
53	Home and Receiving States; and
54	Whereas, this Compact does not apply to permanent in-person, face-to-face practice, it
55	does allow for authorization of temporary psychological practice.
56	Consistent with these principles, this Compact is designed to achieve the following
57	purposes and objectives:

58	1. Increase public access to professional psychological services by allowing for
59	telepsychological practice across state lines as well as temporary in-person, face-to-face
60	services into a state in which the psychologist is not licensed to practice psychology;
61	2. Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health and safety, especially
62	client/patient safety;
63	3. Encourage the cooperation of Compact States in the areas of psychology licensure
64	and regulation;
65	4. Facilitate the exchange of information between Compact States regarding
66	psychologist licensure, adverse actions, and disciplinary history;
67	5. Promote compliance with the laws governing psychological practice in each
68	Compact State; and
69	6. Invest all Compact States with the authority to hold licensed psychologists
70	accountable through the mutual recognition of Compact State licenses.
71	ARTICLE II
72	<u>DEFINITIONS</u>
73	A. "Adverse Action" means: any action taken by a State Psychology Regulatory
74	Authority which finds a violation of a statute or regulation that is identified by the State
75	Psychology Regulatory Authority as discipline and is a matter of public record.
76	B. "Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards (ASPPB)" means: the
77	recognized membership organization composed of State and Provincial Psychology Regulatory
78	Authorities responsible for the licensure and registration of psychologists throughout the
79	United States and Canada.
80	C. "Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology" means: a licensed
81	psychologist's authority to practice telepsychology, within the limits authorized under this
82	Compact, in another Compact State.
83	D. "Bylaws" means: those Bylaws established by the Psychology Interjurisdictional
84	Compact Commission pursuant to Section X for its governance, or for directing and controlling
85	its actions and conduct.

86	E. "Client/Patient" means: the recipient of psychological services, whether
87	psychological services are delivered in the context of healthcare, corporate, supervision, and/or
88	consulting services.
89	F. "Commissioner" means: the voting representative appointed by each State
90	Psychology Regulatory Authority pursuant to Section X.
91	G. "Compact State" means: a state, the District of Columbia, or United States territory
92	that has enacted this Compact legislation and which has not withdrawn pursuant to Article
93	XIII, Section C or been terminated pursuant to Article XII, Section B.
94	H. "Coordinated Licensure Information System" also referred to as "Coordinated
95	Database" means: an integrated process for collecting, storing, and sharing information on
96	psychologists' licensure and enforcement activities related to psychology licensure laws, which
97	is administered by the recognized membership organization composed of State and Provincial
98	Psychology Regulatory Authorities.
99	I. "Confidentiality" means: the principle that data or information is not made available
100	or disclosed to unauthorized persons and/or processes.
101	J. "Day" means: any part of a day in which psychological work is performed.
102	K. "Distant State" means: the Compact State where a psychologist is physically present
103	(not through the use of telecommunications technologies), to provide temporary in-person,
104	face-to-face psychological services.
105	L. "E.Passport" means: a certificate issued by the Association of State and Provincial
106	Psychology Boards (ASPPB) that promotes the standardization in the criteria of
107	interjurisdictional telepsychology practice and facilitates the process for licensed psychologists
108	to provide telepsychological services across state lines.
109	M. "Executive Board" means: a group of directors elected or appointed to act on behalf
110	of, and within the powers granted to them by, the Commission.
111	N. "Home State" means: a Compact State where a psychologist is licensed to practice
112	psychology. If the psychologist is licensed in more than one Compact State and is practicing
113	under the Authorization to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology, the Home State is the

Compact State where the psychologist is physically present when the telepsychological services
are delivered. If the psychologist is licensed in more than one Compact State and is practicing
under the Temporary Authorization to Practice, the Home State is any Compact State where the
psychologist is licensed.
O. "Identity History Summary" means: a summary of information retained by the FBI,
or other designee with similar authority, in connection with arrests and, in some instances,
federal employment, naturalization, or military service.
P. "In-Person, Face-to-Face" means: interactions in which the psychologist and the
client/patient are in the same physical space and which do not include interactions that may
occur through the use of telecommunication technologies.
Q. "Interjurisdictional Practice Certificate (IPC)" means: a certificate issued by the
Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards (ASPPB) that grants temporary
authority to practice based on notification to the State Psychology Regulatory Authority of
intention to practice temporarily, and verification of one's qualifications for such practice.
R. "License" means: authorization by a State Psychology Regulatory Authority to
engage in the independent practice of psychology, which would be unlawful without the
authorization.
S. "Non-Compact State" means: any state which is not at the time a Compact State.
T. "Psychologist" means: an individual licensed for the independent practice of
psychology.
U. "Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission" also referred to as
"Commission" means: the national administration of which all Compact States are members.
V. "Receiving State" means: a Compact State where the client/patient is physically
located when the telepsychological services are delivered.
W. "Rule" means: a written statement by the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact
Commission promulgated pursuant to Section XI of the Compact that is of general
applicability, implements, interprets, or prescribes a policy or provision of the Compact, or an
organizational procedural or practice requirement of the Commission and has the force and

S.B. 106	Enrolled Copy
----------	---------------

142	effect of statutory law in a Compact State, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension
143	of an existing rule.
144	X. "Significant Investigatory Information" means:
145	1. investigative information that a State Psychology Regulatory Authority, after a
146	preliminary inquiry that includes notification and an opportunity to respond if required by state
147	law, has reason to believe, if proven true, would indicate more than a violation of state statute
148	or ethics code that would be considered more substantial than minor infraction; or
149	2. investigative information that indicates that the psychologist represents an
150	immediate threat to public health and safety regardless of whether the psychologist has been
151	notified and/or had an opportunity to respond.
152	Y. "State" means: a state, commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States,
153	or the District of Columbia.
154	Z. "State Psychology Regulatory Authority" means: the Board, office, or other agency
155	with the legislative mandate to license and regulate the practice of psychology.
156	AA. "Telepsychology" means: the provision of psychological services using
157	telecommunication technologies.
158	BB. "Temporary Authorization to Practice" means: a licensed psychologist's authority
159	to conduct temporary in-person, face-to-face practice, within the limits authorized under this
160	Compact, in another Compact State.
161	CC. "Temporary In-Person, Face-to-Face Practice" means: where a psychologist is
162	physically present (not through the use of telecommunications technologies), in the Distant
163	State to provide for the practice of psychology for 30 days within a calendar year and based on
164	notification to the Distant State.
165	ARTICLE III
166	HOME STATE LICENSURE
167	A. The Home State shall be a Compact State where a psychologist is licensed to
168	practice psychology.
169	B. A psychologist may hold one or more Compact State licenses at a time. If the

170	psychologist is licensed in more than one Compact State, the Home State is the Compact State
171	where the psychologist is physically present when the services are delivered as authorized by
172	the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology under the terms of this Compact.
173	C. Any Compact State may require a psychologist not previously licensed in a
174	Compact State to obtain and retain a license to be authorized to practice in the Compact State
175	under circumstances not authorized by the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional
176	Telepsychology under the terms of this Compact.
177	D. Any Compact State may require a psychologist to obtain and retain a license to be
178	authorized to practice in a Compact State under circumstances not authorized by Temporary
179	Authorization to Practice under the terms of this Compact.
180	E. A Home State's license authorizes a psychologist to practice in a Receiving State
181	under the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology only if the Compact State:
182	1. Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active E.Passport;
183	2. Has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about licensed
184	individuals;
185	3. Notifies the Commission, in compliance with the terms herein, of any adverse action
186	or significant investigatory information regarding a licensed individual;
187	4. Requires an Identity History Summary of all applicants at initial licensure, including
188	the use of the results of fingerprints or other biometric data checks compliant with the
189	requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), or other designee with similar
190	authority, no later than ten years after activation of the Compact; and
191	5. Complies with the Bylaws and Rules of the Commission.
192	F. A Home State's license grants Temporary Authorization to Practice to a psychologist
193	in a Distant State only if the Compact State:
194	1. Currently requires the psychologist to hold an active IPC;
195	2. Has a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating complaints about licensed
196	individuals;
197	3. Notifies the Commission, in compliance with the terms herein, of any adverse action

198	or significant investigatory information regarding a licensed individual;
199	4. Requires an Identity History Summary of all applicants at initial licensure, including
200	the use of the results of fingerprints or other biometric data checks compliant with the
201	requirements of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), or other designee with similar
202	authority, no later than ten years after activation of the Compact; and
203	5. Complies with the Bylaws and Rules of the Commission.
204	ARTICLE IV
205	COMPACT PRIVILEGE TO PRACTICE TELEPSYCHOLOGY
206	A. Compact States shall recognize the right of a psychologist, licensed in a Compact
207	State in conformance with Article III, to practice telepsychology in other Compact States
208	(Receiving States) in which the psychologist is not licensed, under the Authority to Practice
209	Interjurisdictional Telepsychology as provided in the Compact.
210	B. To exercise the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology under the
211	terms and provisions of this Compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a Compact State
212	<u>must:</u>
213	1. Hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute of higher education that was,
214	at the time the degree was awarded:
215	a. Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Department of
216	Education to grant graduate degrees, or authorized by Provincial Statute or Royal Charter to
217	grant doctoral degrees; or
218	b. A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent to Article IV, Subsection
219	B.1.a., by a foreign credential evaluation service that is a member of the National Association
220	of Credential Evaluation Services (NACES) or by a recognized foreign credential evaluation
221	service; and
222	2. Hold a graduate degree in psychology that meets the following criteria:
223	a. The program, wherever it may be administratively housed, must be clearly identified
224	and labeled as a psychology program. Such a program must specify in pertinent institutional
225	catalogues and brochures its intent to educate and train professional psychologists;

226	b. The psychology program must stand as a recognizable, coherent, organizational
227	entity within the institution;
228	c. There must be a clear authority and primary responsibility for the core and specialty
229	areas whether or not the program cuts across administrative lines;
230	d. The program must consist of an integrated, organized sequence of study;
231	e. There must be an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient in size and breadth to
232	carry out its responsibilities;
233	f. The designated director of the program must be a psychologist and a member of the
234	core faculty;
235	g. The program must have an identifiable body of students who are matriculated in that
236	program for a degree;
237	h. The program must include supervised practicum, internship, or field training
238	appropriate to the practice of psychology;
239	i. The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three academic years of full-time
240	graduate study for doctoral degrees and a minimum of one academic year of full-time graduate
241	study for master's degrees; and
242	j. The program includes an acceptable residency as defined by the Rules of the
243	Commission.
244	3. Possess a current, full, and unrestricted license to practice psychology in a Home
245	State which is a Compact State;
246	4. Have no history of adverse action that violates the Rules of the Commission;
247	5. Have no criminal record history reported on an Identity History Summary that
248	violates the Rules of the Commission;
249	6. Possess a current, active E.Passport;
250	7. Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended practice, conformity with
251	standards of practice, and competence in telepsychology technology, criminal background; and
252	knowledge and adherence to legal requirements in the Home and Receiving States, and provide
253	a release of information to allow for primary source verification in a manner specified by the

254	Commission; and
255	8. Meet other criteria as defined by the Rules of the Commission.
256	C. The Home State maintains authority over the license of any psychologist practicing
257	into a Receiving State under the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology.
258	D. A psychologist practicing into a Receiving State under the Authority to Practice
259	Interjurisdictional Telepsychology will be subject to the Receiving State's scope of practice. A
260	Receiving State may, in accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a
261	psychologist's Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology in the Receiving State
262	and may take any other necessary actions under the Receiving State's applicable law to protect
263	the health and safety of the Receiving State's citizens. If a Receiving State takes action, the
264	state shall promptly notify the Home State and the Commission.
265	E. If a psychologist's license in any Home State or another Compact State, or any
266	Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology in any Receiving State, is restricted,
267	suspended, or otherwise limited, the E.Passport shall be revoked and therefore the psychologist
268	shall not be eligible to practice telepsychology in a Compact State under the Authority to
269	Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology.
270	ARTICLE V
271	COMPACT TEMPORARY AUTHORIZATION TO PRACTICE
272	A. Compact States shall also recognize the right of a psychologist, licensed in a
273	Compact State in conformance with Article III, to practice temporarily in other Compact States
274	(Distant States) in which the psychologist is not licensed, as provided in the Compact.
275	B. To exercise the Temporary Authorization to Practice under the terms and provisions
276	of this Compact, a psychologist licensed to practice in a Compact State must:
277	1. Hold a graduate degree in psychology from an institute of higher education that was,
278	at the time the degree was awarded:
279	a. Regionally accredited by an accrediting body recognized by the U.S. Department of
280	Education to grant graduate degrees, or authorized by Provincial Statute or Royal Charter to
281	grant doctoral degrees; or

282	b. A foreign college or university deemed to be equivalent to Article V, Subsection
283	B.1.a., by a foreign credential evaluation service that is a member of the National Association
284	of Credential Evaluation Services (NACES) or by a recognized foreign credential evaluation
285	service; and
286	2. Hold a graduate degree in psychology that meets the following criteria:
287	a. The program, wherever it may be administratively housed, must be clearly identified
288	and labeled as a psychology program. Such a program must specify in pertinent institutional
289	catalogues and brochures its intent to educate and train professional psychologists;
290	b. The psychology program must stand as a recognizable, coherent, organizational
291	entity within the institution;
292	c. There must be a clear authority and primary responsibility for the core and specialty
293	areas whether or not the program cuts across administrative lines;
294	d. The program must consist of an integrated, organized sequence of study;
295	e. There must be an identifiable psychology faculty sufficient in size and breadth to
296	carry out its responsibilities;
297	f. The designated director of the program must be a psychologist and a member of the
298	core faculty;
299	g. The program must have an identifiable body of students who are matriculated in that
300	program for a degree;
301	h. The program must include supervised practicum, internship, or field training
302	appropriate to the practice of psychology;
303	i. The curriculum shall encompass a minimum of three academic years of full-time
304	graduate study for doctoral degrees and a minimum of one academic year of full-time graduate
305	study for master's degrees; and
306	j. The program includes an acceptable residency as defined by the Rules of the
307	Commission.
308	3. Possess a current, full, and unrestricted license to practice psychology in a Home
309	State which is a Compact State;

	S.B. 100 Enrolled Co
310	4. No history of adverse action that violates the Rules of the Commission;
311	5. No criminal record history that violates the Rules of the Commission;
312	6. Possess a current, active IPC;
313	7. Provide attestations in regard to areas of intended practice and work experience and
314	provide a release of information to allow for primary source verification in a manner specified
315	by the Commission; and
316	8. Meet other criteria as defined by the Rules of the Commission.
317	C. A psychologist practicing into a Distant State under the Temporary Authorization to
318	Practice shall practice within the scope of practice authorized by the Distant State.
319	D. A psychologist practicing into a Distant State under the Temporary Authorization to
320	Practice will be subject to the Distant State's authority and law. A Distant State may, in
321	accordance with that state's due process law, limit or revoke a psychologist's Temporary
322	Authorization to Practice in the Distant State and may take any other necessary actions under
323	the Distant State's applicable law to protect the health and safety of the Distant State's citizens.
324	If a Distant State takes action, the state shall promptly notify the Home State and the
325	Commission.
326	E. If a psychologist's license in any Home State or another Compact State, or any
327	Temporary Authorization to Practice in any Distant State, is restricted, suspended, or otherwise
328	limited, the IPC shall be revoked and therefore the psychologist shall not be eligible to practice
329	in a Compact State under the Temporary Authorization to Practice.
330	ARTICLE VI
331	CONDITIONS OF TELEPSYCHOLOGY PRACTICE IN A RECEIVING STATE
332	A. A psychologist may practice in a Receiving State under the Authority to Practice
333	Interjurisdictional Telepsychology only in the performance of the scope of practice for
334	psychology as assigned by an appropriate State Psychology Regulatory Authority, as defined in
335	the Rules of the Commission, and under the following circumstances:

1. The psychologist initiates a client/patient contact in a Home State via telecommunications technologies with a client/patient in a Receiving State; and

336

337

338	2. Other conditions regarding telepsychology as determined by Rules promulgated by
339	the Commission.
340	ARTICLE VII
341	ADVERSE ACTIONS
342	A. A Home State shall have the power to impose adverse action against a
343	psychologist's license issued by the Home State. A Distant State shall have the power to take
344	adverse action on a psychologist's Temporary Authorization to Practice within that Distant
345	State.
346	B. A Receiving State may take adverse action on a psychologist's Authority to Practice
347	Interjurisdictional Telepsychology within that Receiving State. A Home State may take adverse
348	action against a psychologist based on an adverse action taken by a Distant State regarding
349	temporary in-person, face-to-face practice.
350	C. If a Home State takes adverse action against a psychologist's license, that
351	psychologist's Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology is terminated and the
352	E.Passport is revoked. Furthermore, that psychologist's Temporary Authorization to Practice is
353	terminated and the IPC is revoked.
354	1. All Home State disciplinary orders which impose adverse action shall be reported to
355	the Commission in accordance with the Rules promulgated by the Commission. A Compact
356	State shall report adverse actions in accordance with the Rules of the Commission.
357	2. In the event discipline is reported on a psychologist, the psychologist will not be
358	eligible for telepsychology or temporary in-person, face-to-face practice in accordance with the
359	Rules of the Commission.
360	3. Other actions may be imposed as determined by the Rules promulgated by the
361	Commission.
362	D. A Home State's Psychology Regulatory Authority shall investigate and take
363	appropriate action with respect to reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a licensee
364	which occurred in a Receiving State as it would if such conduct had occurred by a licensee
365	within the Home State. In such cases, the Home State's law shall control in determining any

366	adverse action against a psychologist's license.
367	E. A Distant State's Psychology Regulatory Authority shall investigate and take
368	appropriate action with respect to reported inappropriate conduct engaged in by a psychologist
369	practicing under Temporary Authorization to Practice which occurred in that Distant State as it
370	would if such conduct had occurred by a licensee within the Home State. In such cases, Distant
371	State's law shall control in determining any adverse action against a psychologist's Temporary
372	Authorization to Practice.
373	F. Nothing in this Compact shall override a Compact State's decision that a
374	psychologist's participation in an alternative program may be used in lieu of adverse action and
375	that such participation shall remain non-public if required by the Compact State's law. Compact
376	States must require psychologists who enter any alternative programs to not provide
377	telepsychology services under the Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology or
378	provide temporary psychological services under the Temporary Authorization to Practice in any
379	other Compact State during the term of the alternative program.
380	G. No other judicial or administrative remedies shall be available to a psychologist in
381	the event a Compact State imposes an adverse action pursuant to Article VII, Section C.
382	ARTICLE VIII
383	ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES INVESTED IN A COMPACT
384	STATE'S PSYCHOLOGY REGULATORY AUTHORITY
385	A. In addition to any other powers granted under state law, a Compact State's
386	Psychology Regulatory Authority shall have the authority under this Compact to:
387	1. Issue subpoenas, for both hearings and investigations, which require the attendance
388	and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a Compact
389	State's Psychology Regulatory Authority for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and/or
390	the production of evidence from another Compact State, shall be enforced in the latter state by
391	any court of competent jurisdiction, according to that court's practice and procedure in
392	considering subpoenas issued in its own proceedings. The issuing State Psychology Regulatory
393	Authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the

394	service statutes of the state where the witnesses and/or evidence are located; and
395	2. Issue cease and desist and/or injunctive relief orders to revoke a psychologist's
396	Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional Telepsychology and/or Temporary Authorization to
397	Practice.
398	B. During the course of any investigation, a psychologist may not change his/her Home
399	State licensure. A Home State Psychology Regulatory Authority is authorized to complete any
400	pending investigations of a psychologist and to take any actions appropriate under its law. The
401	Home State Psychology Regulatory Authority shall promptly report the conclusions of such
402	investigations to the Commission. Once an investigation has been completed, and pending the
403	outcome of said investigation, the psychologist may change his/her Home State licensure. The
404	Commission shall promptly notify the new Home State of any such decisions as provided in the
405	Rules of the Commission. All information provided to the Commission or distributed by
406	Compact States pursuant to the psychologist shall be confidential, filed under seal, and used for
407	investigatory or disciplinary matters. The Commission may create additional rules for
408	mandated or discretionary sharing of information by Compact States.
409	ARTICLE IX
410	COORDINATED LICENSURE INFORMATION SYSTEM
411	A. The Commission shall provide for the development and maintenance of a
412	Coordinated Licensure Information System (Coordinated Database) and reporting system
413	containing licensure and disciplinary action information on all psychologists to whom this
414	Compact is applicable in all Compact States as defined by the Rules of the Commission.
415	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a Compact State
416	shall submit a uniform data set to the Coordinated Database on all licensees as required by the
417	Rules of the Commission, including:
418	1. Identifying information;
419	2. Licensure data;
420	3. Significant investigatory information;
421	4. Adverse actions against a psychologist's license;

122	5. An indicator that a psychologist's Authority to Practice Interjurisdictional
423	Telepsychology and/or Temporary Authorization to Practice is revoked;
124	6. Non-confidential information related to alternative program participation
125	information;
426	7. Any denial of application for licensure, and the reasons for such denial; and
127	8. Other information which may facilitate the administration of this Compact, as
428	determined by the Rules of the Commission.
129	C. The Coordinated Database administrator shall promptly notify all Compact States of
430	any adverse action taken against, or significant investigative information on, any licensee in a
431	Compact State.
432	D. Compact States reporting information to the Coordinated Database may designate
433	information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the
134	Compact State reporting the information.
435	E. Any information submitted to the Coordinated Database that is subsequently
436	required to be expunged by the law of the Compact State reporting the information shall be
437	removed from the Coordinated Database.
438	ARTICLE X
139	ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PSYCHOLOGY INTERJURISDICTIONAL
440	COMPACT COMMISSION
441	A. The Compact States hereby create and establish a joint public agency known as the
142	Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact Commission.
143	1. The Commission is a body politic and an instrumentality of the Compact States.
144	2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be
145	brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of
146	the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to
147	the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
148	3. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.
149	B. Membership, voting, and meetings

450	1. The Commission shall consist of one voting representative appointed by each
451	Compact State who shall serve as that state's Commissioner. The State Psychology Regulatory
452	Authority shall appoint its delegate. This delegate shall be empowered to act on behalf of the
453	Compact State. This delegate shall be limited to:
454	a. Executive Director, Executive Secretary, or similar executive;
455	b. Current member of the State Psychology Regulatory Authority of a Compact State;
456	<u>or</u>
457	c. Designee empowered with the appropriate delegate authority to act on behalf of the
458	Compact State.
459	2. Any Commissioner may be removed or suspended from office as provided by the
460	law of the state from which the Commissioner is appointed. Any vacancy occurring in the
461	Commission shall be filled in accordance with the laws of the Compact State in which the
462	vacancy exists.
463	3. Each Commissioner shall be entitled to one (1) vote with regard to the promulgation
464	of Rules and creation of Bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in the
465	business and affairs of the Commission. A Commissioner shall vote in person or by such other
466	means as provided in the Bylaws. The Bylaws may provide for Commissioners' participation in
467	meetings by telephone or other means of communication.
468	4. The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional
469	meetings shall be held as set forth in the Bylaws.
470	5. All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be
471	given in the same manner as required under the rulemaking provisions in Article XI.
472	6. The Commission may convene in a closed, non-public meeting if the Commission
473	must discuss:
474	a. Non-compliance of a Compact State with its obligations under the Compact;
475	b. The employment, compensation, discipline or other personnel matters, practices or
476	procedures related to specific employees, or other matters related to the Commission's internal
477	personnel practices and procedures;

478	c. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation against the Commission;
479	d. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase or sale of goods, services, or real estate;
480	e. Accusation against any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;
481	f. Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial information which is
482	privileged or confidential;
483	g. Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a
484	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
485	h. Disclosure of investigatory records compiled for law enforcement purposes;
486	i. Disclosure of information related to any investigatory reports prepared by or on
487	behalf of or for use of the Commission or other committee charged with responsibility for
488	investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the Compact; or
489	j. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal and state statute.
490	7. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this provision, the
491	Commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall
492	reference each relevant exempting provision. The Commission shall keep minutes which fully
493	and clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate
494	summary of actions taken, of any person participating in the meeting, and the reasons therefore,
495	including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with
496	an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting
497	shall remain under seal, subject to release only by a majority vote of the Commission or order
498	of a court of competent jurisdiction.
499	C. The Commission shall, by a majority vote of the Commissioners, prescribe Bylaws
500	and/or Rules to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes
501	and exercise the powers of the Compact, including but not limited to:
502	1. Establishing the fiscal year of the Commission;
503	2. Providing reasonable standards and procedures:
504	a. for the establishment and meetings of other committees; and
505	b. governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or function of the

533

507	3. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings of the
508	Commission, ensuring reasonable advance notice of all meetings, and providing an opportunity
509	for attendance of such meetings by interested parties, with enumerated exceptions designed to
510	protect the public's interest, the privacy of individuals of such proceedings, and proprietary
511	information, including trade secrets. The Commission may meet in closed session only after a
512	majority of the Commissioners vote to close a meeting to the public in whole or in part. As
513	soon as practicable, the Commission must make public a copy of the vote to close the meeting
514	revealing the vote of each Commissioner with no proxy votes allowed;
515	4. Establishing the titles, duties and authority, and reasonable procedures for the
516	election of the officers of the Commission;
517	5. Providing reasonable standards and procedures for the establishment of the
518	personnel policies and programs of the Commission. Notwithstanding any civil service or other
519	similar law of any Compact State, the Bylaws shall exclusively govern the personnel policies
520	and programs of the Commission;
521	6. Promulgating a Code of Ethics to address permissible and prohibited activities of
522	Commission members and employees;
523	7. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the Commission and the
524	equitable disposition of any surplus funds that may exist after the termination of the Compact
525	after the payment and/or reserving of all of its debts and obligations;
526	8. The Commission shall publish its Bylaws in a convenient form and file a copy
527	thereof, and a copy of any amendment thereto, with the appropriate agency or officer in each of
528	the Compact States;
529	9. The Commission shall maintain its financial records in accordance with the Bylaws;
530	<u>and</u>
531	10. The Commission shall meet and take such actions as are consistent with the
532	provisions of this Compact and the Bylaws.

D. The Commission shall have the following powers:

534	1. The authority to promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and coordinate
535	implementation and administration of this Compact. The rule shall have the force and effect of
536	law and shall be binding in all Compact States;
537	2. To bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the Commission,
538	provided that the standing of any State Psychology Regulatory Authority or other regulatory
539	body responsible for psychology licensure to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be
540	affected;
541	3. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
542	4. To borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited
543	to, employees of a Compact State;
544	5. To hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant
545	such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and to
546	establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest,
547	qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;
548	6. To accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment,
549	supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; provided that
550	at all times the Commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety and/or conflict
551	of interest;
552	7. To lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise to own,
553	hold, improve, or use, any property, real, personal, or mixed; provided that at all times the
554	Commission shall strive to avoid any appearance of impropriety;
555	8. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of
556	any property, real, personal, or mixed;
557	9. To establish a budget and make expenditures;
558	10. To borrow money;
559	11. To appoint committees, including advisory committees comprised of Members,
560	state regulators, state legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives, and
561	such other interested persons as may be designated in this Compact and the Bylaws;

562	12. To provide and receive information from, and to cooperate with, law enforcement
563	agencies;
564	13. To adopt and use an official seal; and
565	14. To perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the
566	purposes of this Compact consistent with the state regulation of psychology licensure,
567	temporary in-person, face-to-face practice, and telepsychology practice.
568	E. The Executive Board
569	The elected officers shall serve as the Executive Board, which shall have the power to
570	act on behalf of the Commission according to the terms of this Compact.
571	1. The Executive Board shall be comprised of six members:
572	a. Five voting members who are elected from the current membership of the
573	Commission by the Commission; and
574	b. One ex-officio, nonvoting member from the recognized membership organization
575	composed of State and Provincial Psychology Regulatory Authorities.
576	2. The ex-officio member must have served as staff or member on a State Psychology
577	Regulatory Authority and will be selected by its respective organization.
578	3. The Commission may remove any member of the Executive Board as provided in
579	Bylaws.
580	4. The Executive Board shall meet at least annually.
581	5. The Executive Board shall have the following duties and responsibilities:
582	a. Recommend to the entire Commission changes to the Rules or Bylaws, changes to
583	this Compact legislation, and fees paid by Compact States such as annual dues and any other
584	applicable fees;
585	b. Ensure Compact administration services are appropriately provided, contractual or
586	otherwise;
587	c. Prepare and recommend the budget;
588	d. Maintain financial records on behalf of the Commission;
589	e Monitor Compact compliance of member states and provide compliance reports to

590	the Commission;
591	f. Establish additional committees as necessary; and
592	g. Other duties as provided in Rules or Bylaws.
593	F. Financing of the Commission
594	1. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses
595	of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
596	2. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources and donations
597	and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
598	3. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each Compact
599	State or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the
500	Commission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget
501	as approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate
502	annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the
503	Commission which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all Compact States.
504	4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds
505	adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any of the Compact
606	States, except by and with the authority of the Compact State.
507	5. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The
608	receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting
509	procedures established under its Bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds
510	handled by the Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant
611	and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the
512	Commission.
513	G. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification
614	1. The members, officers, Executive Director, employees, and representatives of the
615	Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official
616	capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil
517	liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred.

or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing
occurred, within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided
that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any such person from suit and/or
liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton
misconduct of that person.
2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer, Executive Director, employee,
or representative of the Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out
of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission
employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had
a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties,
or responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from
retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further that the actual or alleged act, error, or
omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.
3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, Executive
Director, employee, or representative of the Commission for the amount of any settlement or
judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or
omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or
responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the
scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that the actual or
alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton
misconduct of that person.
ARTICLE XI
RULEMAKING
A. The Commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set
forth in this Article and the Rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become
binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.
B. If a majority of the legislatures of the Compact States rejects a rule, by enactment of
a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the Compact, then such rule shall have

	S.B. 106 Enrolled Copy
646	no further force and effect in any Compact State.
647	C. Rules or amendments to the Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of
648	the Commission.
649	D. Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or Rules by the Commission, and
650	at least sixty (60) days in advance of the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted
651	upon, the Commission shall file a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking:
652	1. On the website of the Commission; and
653	2. On the website of each Compact States' Psychology Regulatory Authority or the
654	publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
655	E. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:
656	1. The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which the rule will be
657	considered and voted upon;
658	2. The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for the proposed rule;
659	3. A request for comments on the proposed rule from any interested person; and
660	4. The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the Commission of
661	their intention to attend the public hearing and any written comments.
662	F. Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the Commission shall allow persons to submit
663	written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
664	G. The Commission shall grant an opportunity for a public hearing before it adopts a
665	rule or amendment if a hearing is requested by:
666	1. At least twenty-five (25) persons who submit comments independently of each
667	other;
668	2. A governmental subdivision or agency; or
669	3. A duly appointed person in an association that has at least twenty-five (25)

3. A duly appointed person in an association that has at least twenty-five (25)

670 members.

671

672

H. If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the Commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled public hearing.

673 1. All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the Executive Director of

674 the Commission or other designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at 675 the hearing not less than five (5) business days before the scheduled date of the hearing. 676 2. Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person who wishes to 677 comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment orally or in writing. 3. No transcript of the hearing is required, unless a written request for a transcript is 678 679 made, in which case the person requesting the transcript shall bear the cost of producing the 680 transcript. A recording may be made in lieu of a transcript under the same terms and conditions 681 as a transcript. This subsection shall not preclude the Commission from making a transcript or 682 recording of the hearing if it so chooses. 683 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at hearings required by this 684 685 section. 686 I. Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the Commission shall consider all written and oral 687 688 comments received. 689 J. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the 690 proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rulemaking 691 record and the full text of the rule. 692 K. If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is 693 received, the Commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a 694 public hearing. 695 L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and 696 adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided 697 that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and in this section shall be 698 retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety 699 (90) days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency 700 rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to: 1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare; 701

S.B. 106 **Enrolled Copy** 702 2. Prevent a loss of Commission or Compact State funds; 703 3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is established by 704 federal law or rule; or 705 4. Protect public health and safety. M. The Commission or an authorized committee of the Commission may direct 706 revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical 707 708 errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any 709 revisions shall be posted on the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to 710 challenge by any person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be 711 challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to the Chair of the Commission prior to the end of the 712 713 notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further action. If the 714 revision is challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the 715 Commission. 716 ARTICLE XII 717 OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT 718 A. Oversight 719 1. The Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches of state government in each 720 Compact State shall enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to 721 effectuate the Compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this Compact and the rules 722 promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law. 723 2. All courts shall take judicial notice of the Compact and the rules in any judicial or 724 administrative proceeding in a Compact State pertaining to the subject matter of this Compact 725 which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the Commission. 726 3. The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such 727 proceeding and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the Commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the 728

Commission, this Compact, or promulgated rules.

729

730	B. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination
731	1. If the Commission determines that a Compact State has defaulted in the performance
732	of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated rules, the
733	Commission shall:
734	a. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other Compact States of the nature
735	of the default, the proposed means of remedying the default, and/or any other action to be taken
736	by the Commission; and
737	b. Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
738	2. If a state in default fails to remedy the default, the defaulting state may be terminated
739	from the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the Compact States, and all rights,
740	privileges, and benefits conferred by this Compact shall be terminated on the effective date of
741	termination. A remedy of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or
742	liabilities incurred during the period of default.
743	3. Termination of membership in the Compact shall be imposed only after all other
744	means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate
745	shall be submitted by the Commission to the Governor, the majority and minority leaders of the
746	defaulting state's legislature, and each of the Compact States.
747	4. A Compact State which has been terminated is responsible for all assessments,
748	obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including
749	obligations which extend beyond the effective date of termination.
750	5. The Commission shall not bear any costs incurred by the state which is found to be
751	in default or which has been terminated from the Compact, unless agreed upon in writing
752	between the Commission and the defaulting state.
753	6. The defaulting state may appeal the action of the Commission by petitioning the
754	U.S. District Court for the state of Georgia or the federal district where the Compact has its
755	principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
756	reasonable attorney's fees.
757	C. Dispute Resolution

758	1. Upon request by a Compact State, the Commission shall attempt to resolve disputes
759	related to the Compact which arise among Compact States and between Compact and
760	Non-Compact States.
761	2. The Commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding
762	dispute resolution for disputes that arise before the Commission.
763	D. Enforcement
764	1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the
765	provisions and Rules of this Compact.
766	2. By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal action in the U.S. District Court
767	for the state of Georgia or the federal district where the Compact has its principal offices
768	against a Compact State in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact
769	and its promulgated Rules and Bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and
770	damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be
771	awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
772	3. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the Commission. The
773	Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or state law.
774	ARTICLE XIII
775	DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PSYCHOLOGY
776	INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPACT COMMISSION AND ASSOCIATED
777	RULES, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENTS
778	A. The Compact shall come into effect on the date on which the Compact is enacted
779	into law in the seventh Compact State. The provisions which become effective at that time
780	shall be limited to the powers granted to the Commission relating to assembly and the
781	promulgation of Rules. Thereafter, the Commission shall meet and exercise rulemaking powers
782	necessary to the implementation and administration of the Compact.
783	B. Any state which joins the Compact subsequent to the Commission's initial adoption
784	of the Rules shall be subject to the Rules as they exist on the date on which the Compact
785	becomes law in that state. Any rule which has been previously adopted by the Commission

	Enrolled Copy S.B. 106
786	shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the Compact becomes law in that state.
787	C. Any Compact State may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute
788	repealing the same.
789	1. A Compact State's withdrawal shall not take effect until six (6) months after
790	enactment of the repealing statute.
791	2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing State's
792	Psychology Regulatory Authority to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting
793	requirements of this act prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
794	D. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any
795	psychology licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a Compact State
796	and a Non-Compact State which does not conflict with the provisions of this Compact.
797	E. This Compact may be amended by the Compact States. No amendment to this
798	Compact shall become effective and binding upon any Compact State until it is enacted into
799	the law of all Compact States.
800	ARTICLE XIV
801	CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY
802	This Compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. If
803	this Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state member thereto, the
804	Compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining Compact States.
805	Section 3. Section <b>58-61b-103</b> is enacted to read:
806	58-61b-103. Rulemaking Authority.

807

808

The division may make administrative rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,

Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement Section 58-61b-102.